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January 23, 2002

HECEVEO

Via Hand Delivery

THE PARTE OR LATE FILED TO A COMMUNICATION OF THE SECRETARY

Magalie Roman Salas, Esquire Secretary Federal Communications Commission 445 12th Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20554

Re:

Cross-Ownership of Broadcast Stations and Newspapers, MM Docket No. 01-235

Notice of Ex Parte Presentation

Dear Ms. Salas:

On Saturday, January 19, 2002, FCC Chief Economist David Sappington met with the Media General management identified in the attached Memorandum concerning the abovereferenced proceeding. I also attended the session.

The meeting took place at The News Center in Tampa, Florida, from which Media General operates The Tampa Tribune, WFLA-TV, and TBO.com. The meeting included a tour of The News Center and a presentation on the converged operations of the three media outlets by their management teams. The enclosed Memorandum summarizes the topics discussed with Mr. Sappington.

Although we did not provide Mr. Sappington with any written materials, we displayed during the meeting the enclosed overhead PowerPoint slide presentation. The discussions did not introduce any data in addition to that provided in the Comments filed by Media General in this proceeding, except to the extent indicated in the Memorandum.

If you have any questions about this notice, please contact me directly.

Respectfully submitted.

cc w/ encl. by hand delivery:

Mr. David Sappington

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE

MEMORANDUM of Ex Parte Presentation

This Memorandum summarizes a meeting at The News Center in Tampa, Florida, on January 19, 2002, among FCC Chief Economist David Sappington and the following individuals:

George L. Mahoney, Media General, Inc. Secretary and General Counsel Dan Bradley, Vice President, News, Media General Broadcast Group Kevin P. Latek, Dow, Lohnes & Albertson, PLLC, counsel to Media General, Inc.

Eric S. Land, General Manager, WFLA-TV Forrest Carr, News Director, WFLA-TV Joseph Pomilla, General Sales Manager, WFLA-TV

Steve Weaver, Publisher, *The Tampa Tribune*Gil Thelen, Vice President and Executive Editor, *The Tampa Tribune*Donna Moore, Southeast Regional Sales Manager, Media General Florida
Publishing Group

C. Kirk Read, General Manager, TBO.com James S. Riley, Jr., Content Manager, TBO.com Terry L. Taormina, Sales & Marketing Manager, TBO.com

This Memorandum does not restate arguments or data previously submitted to the Commission in the Comments of Media General, Inc. ("Media General").

Mr. Land led a discussion of Media General's experiences with converged news operations at *The Tampa Tribune*, WFLA-TV, and TBO.com. The discussion repeatedly referenced an overhead PowerPoint presentation, a copy of which is attached hereto.¹

Media General is a relatively small company, and it faces formidable competition. Other local players include Fox, AOL Time Warner, Sinclair, Gannett, Knight-Ridder, the Poynter Institute, and Viacom. Nevertheless, Media General has managed to operate the number one television station and the number one local web-site in the DMA. Media General's success is due in large part to the superior news product offered by its local outlets, which in turn is aided by the convergence of the outlets' news gathering operations.

Benefits of Convergence

Better news products. The presentation highlighted three recent examples of "converged" news stories presented by the three outlets: the Ybor City fire, damage to the Sunshine Bridge, and an ombudsman program called "Citizen's Voice." Converged news stories benefit the public by providing more information, more angles to a story, and deeper analysis, often in less time and on

The slide presentation included data on the number of local media outlets. This data differed in a few minor respects from that reported in Media General's Comments as a result of slight differences in the definitions used for outlets and markets.

more platforms than would otherwise be possible. These and similar stories provide the public with information that is made more informative, timely, and valuable through the combination of professionals and other resources employed by the three closely collaborating media outlets.

Some of these stories are publicized in a manner that benefits the public, even at the possible cost of ratings and circulation. For example, WFLA-TV's ground-breaking investigation of damage to the Sunshine Bridge was first publicized in the pages of *The Tribune*. Similarly, *The Tribune*, by collaborating with WFLA-TV and TBO.com, constantly broadcasts to its competition its ideas for new stories and for new angles to existing stories.

Media General believes, however, that providing the best service to the customer is good business, even if data proving this is not readily accessible. Indeed, it is worth noting that, despite a serious advertising recession and the elimination of newscasts at television stations nationwide, Media General's complement of full-time news professionals in Tampa has increased since the three outlets moved into The News Center.

Improved journalism. Convergence is all about strengthening journalism. By dealing collaboratively with multiple platforms, journalists have changed their view of news and their understanding of their jobs. Previously, they thought of a story as "belonging" to the paper or the station – of being "our story." Now, they see the community as the owner of the story, which forces them to ask "How do we return the story to the public?"

While it is difficult to measure quality empirically, evidence exists that Media General's outlets produce high quality news products. First, the Project for Excellence in Journalism has found a correlation between ratings and what it deems to be high quality television newscasts. This is not surprising, because consumers "vote" with their quarters, ratings, and mouse clicks. Here, WFLA is the not only the number one-rated station in the DMA, it also recently won an award for the best political coverage in 2000. The station dominates ratings on big stories, including last year's Super Bowl, despite the fact that it did not broadcast NFL regular season games. Likewise, TBO.com is consistently rated the most visited web-site in Florida. In addition, *The Tribune*'s circulation is growing in its core market. This represents a reversal of a downward trend in newspaper circulation at *The Tribune* (indeed, at daily newspapers generally), and it is even more remarkable because *The Tribune* has increased circulation while cutting promotional expenses. (The newspaper, however, still participates in and/or sponsors over 300 local community events each year.)

Another measure of the success of convergence can be found in the response of *The Tribune*'s cross-town rival, the *St. Petersburg Times*. At first, the *Times*, which is owned by the independent Poynter Institute, characterized Media General's convergence efforts as a marketing ploy and as consolidation. Less than a year later, however, it entered into a partnering arrangement with Gannett's local CBS station. Thus, the *Times* appears to have moved from criticism of convergence to recognizing the value of convergence with its own actions.

In another testament to the appeal of convergence, Media General has hosted over 50 visits from other news organizations in the two years since The News Center opened. Academics are coming as well to learn how to prepare their students for the future by learning from Media General's Tampa experience. Media General also receives constant information requests from overseas journalists.

Advertiser benefits. Convergence benefits advertisers, too. Three examples illustrate this. First, the local Federated Department Store chain (Burdines) increased its local advertising

expenditures after Media General presented a multi-platform (newspaper, television, internet) advertising solution to the company. The increased expenditures contrast markedly with the trend of Federated stores in other markets, most or all of which are witnessing a sizeable decrease in advertising budgets.

Second, Bay Care, a consortium of local health-care providers, entered into an unprecedented five-year deal to produce medical information content for on-air vignettes, newspaper articles, and an on-line medical information database. This program will benefit the public by providing a long-term information source for information on TBO.com. It benefits the advertiser by providing an opportunity for branding as well as recruiting doctors and nurses.

Third, the Florida Strawberry Festival, which takes places annually in the small town of Plant City, turned to Media General last year after two "big name" country artists cancelled appearances. Media General designed a multi-platform advertising campaign that resulted in increased attendance and faster ticket sales than the Festival had experienced previously. The Festival benefited from this exposure, and it has signed on again this year.

Editorial Independence v. Homogenization

Despite cooperation on news gathering, each of Media General's three Tampa news outlets exercises independent control over its content. It is not uncommon for *The Tribune* to criticize WFLA-TV. Last year, for example, a WFLA-TV reporter became a witness in a high-profile criminal case, and *The Tribune* criticized WFLA-TV's handling of the story. The outlets sell credibility, and a perceived lack of credibility will hurt circulation and ratings, and, in turn, revenues.

Local reader/viewer needs drive the content decisions made by the three outlets. As a result, the three outlets all compete against each other on a journalistic basis, as well as on a revenue basis. If they spoke with one "voice" – that is, if they "homogenized" news coverage – they would be unresponsive to their customer basis, would reduce consumer choice, and would hurt the credibility and appeal of all three outlets. If their news coverage becomes homogenized, one or more of their competitors in the market will step in to fill the void. Equally important is the role played by the journalistic integrity of the outlets' reporters. If WFLA-TV and *The Tribune* decided to present a single "voice" on news, Media General's management believes that a number of staff members would leave their jobs instantly. In short, the marketplace, rather than the government, ensures that the three outlets, despite convergence, are focused on serving their own individual audiences.

Need for Co-ownership

Achieving convergence on a scale similar to that present at The News Center requires common ownership of the outlets involved. Employee rewards, incentives, and compensation need to be consistent, and confidential information needs be shared across platforms. In addition, the leaders and the line participants all need to cooperate without "keeping score" of the benefits achieved and credits given. These actions simply cannot take place in an environment in which the content professionals and sales professionals ultimately report to different owners.

For example, Media General's Tampa outlets allow themselves to be "scooped" by each other if doing so serves the interests of the unified company. That simply would not happen in a news alliance between non-commonly owned companies. Commonly owned media outlets focus on the common good – on getting the story to the public first, on the most practical platform. Non-commonly owned media instead focus on their individual needs, which can often lead to a delay in

reporting news or to superficial analysis of an important story. In other words, journalists at the non-commonly owned partnerships are more likely to ask "What's in it for us?"; journalists at commonly owned, converged outlets increasingly ask "What does our particular community of interest need?"

Common ownership also encourages participants to make long-term investments in each other. For example, on January 4, 2002, the New York Times Publishing Group announced that it would be ending the news alliance between its Tampa DMA media outlets (the *Sarasota Herald Tribune* and SNN6 cable news channel) and the *St. Petersburg Times*. Instead, the New York Times outlets are beginning a new partnership with Media General's Tampa outlets. The changing alliances illustrate how even good, working news alliances between non-commonly owned media outlets are impermanent. Indeed, Media General itself has learned this lesson in two markets (Winston-Salem and Richmond). There, Media General's newspapers made significant commitments toward news alliances with local broadcast stations only to have the other parties subsequently decide to unwind or pull back from the alliances. Yet, if the properties involved in these news alliances were commonly owned, it is far more likely that they would today be working closely together in a manner similar to Media General's Tampa outlets so that their local communities would receive the benefits of convergence.

vergence Overview

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& Competitive Information A look at



Tampa Bay Market Overview

America's 14th Largest Television Market.

Florida's Largest Television Market.

Over 3.7 million people reside in the bay area.

\$68 Billion in Effective Buying Income.

Also a MAJOR Test Market.

Sources: Nielsen Media Research & The Survey of Buying Power, 2001.







THE STATE WELL OVER VIEW



Covering
10 Counties
In the
Tempa Bay
DMA

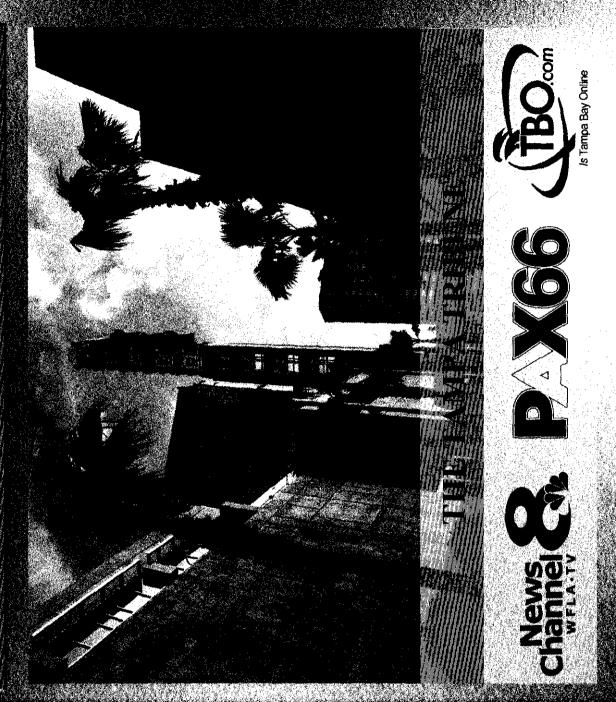








The Commence contours



THE TAMPA TRUBEN



TBO.com



Tampa Bay has a large number of different media ouileis







Competitive Environment

Broadcast Television Stations (15 plus 11 L.P.'s).

Cable Companies (11).

Radio Stations (55).

Daily Newspapers (6).

Internet (4 major portals).

Outdoor Billboard (2 major companies).

Direct Mail (3 major companies).

Yellow Pages (12 with Verizon being primary).



Tampa Bay has at least 15 full-power stations...







Tampa Bay Television Stations

<u>Station</u>	<u>Channe</u>	<u>Affiliation</u>	Owner
WFLA-TV	8	NBC	Media General
WEDU	3	PBS	N/A
WTSP	10	CBS	Gannett
WTVT	13	FOX	FOX
WUSF	16	PBS	State of Florida
WCLF	22	REL.	N/A
WFTS	28	ABC	Scripps-Howard
WMOR	32	IND.	Hearst-Argyle
WTTA	38	WB	Sinclair
WWSB	40	ABC	Southern Broadcasting
WTOG	44	UPN	Paramount
WFTT	50	Telefutura	Univision
WRMD	57	Telemundo	Telemundo
WVEA	62	Univision	Entravision
WXPX	66	PAX	PAX

.. PLUS at least 11 Low-Power TV Stations in the greater Tampa Bay DMA.

Total 2000 Revenue = \$284.5 Million.



The Tampa Bay DMA has a Cable Penetration of 77%.

Cable Revenue in 2000 was \$87.6 Million.







Tampa Bay Cable Companies





Time Warner*

THE major MSO and owners of Bay News 9 and the Tampa Bay Interconnect. Other MSO's include:





There are over 55 radio stations in the Tampa Bay DMA, with total revenue of \$142 Million.

Over the years, the bay area has been a hotbed for the origination of a number of radio formats.

Major radio owners include COX, CBS and Clear Channel.

WFLA-TV simulcasts its 6pm news on WONN-AM (Polk County) and WZHR-AM (Pasco County) as well as its 5-7am and 5-6pm newscasts on WWBA-AM (Hillsborough & Pinellas Counties). These stations cover WFLA-TV's spots with their own and offered extensive news coverage during the September 11th attacks.









Tampa Bay has over 25 FM radio stations







Tampa Bay FM Radio Stations

WJIS (88.1) - Contemporary Christian music

WMNF (88.5) - Folk, reggae, new music

WYFE (88.9) - Conservative Christian music/talk

WUSF (89.7) - Classical, jazz, National Public Radio

WBVM (90.5) - Religious

WKES (91.1) - Christian music/talk

WLPJ (91.5) - Contemporary Christian music

WYUU (92.5) - Oldies

WFLZ (93.3) - Dance pop

WSJT (94.1) - Jazz

WWRM (94.9) Soft rock (Magic 94.9)

WXCV (95.3) - Adult contemporary

WSSR (95.7) - Hot Adult contemporary

WBDN (96.1) - Spanish (simulcast with WBDN, 760 AM)

WSUN (97.1) - Album-Oriented Rock ("97X")

WPCV (97.5) - Country

WXTB (97.9) - Album-oriented rock

WWRZ (98.3) - Light hits of 1980s and '90s

WLLD (98.7) - Urban contemporary

WQYK (99.5) - Country

WMTX (100.7) - Adult contemporary

WFJO (101.5) - Oldies

WHPT (102.5) - Classic rock

WTBT (103.5) - Classic rock

WRBQ (104.7) - Country

WDUV (105.5) - Easy listening

WGUL (106.3) - Adult standards (simulcast with WGUL, 860 AM)

WCOF (107.3) - Soft rock



Tampa Bay has nearly 30 AM radio stations







Tampa Bay AM Radio Stations

WDAE (620) - Sports Talk

WRMD (680) - Spanish

WBDN (760) - Spanish (simulcast with WBDN, 96.1 FM)

WBDN (820) - Spanish (Tampa Bay)

WGUL (860) - Adult standards (simulcast with WGUL, 106.3 FM)

WSUN (910) - 1960s hits

WKXY (930) - News-talk

WFLA (970) - News-talk (Tampa Bay)

WQYK (1010) - Sports/talk (Tampa Bay)

WWBA (1040) - Talk

WTIS (1110) - Christian talk

WTMP (1150) - Urban contemporary/gospel

WONN (1230) - Big Band

WHNZ (1250) - News / Paid Programming

WTMY (1280) - News/talk

WQBN (1300) - Spanish

WTAN (1340) - News/talk

WDCF (1350) - News/talk

WRBQ (1380) - Radio Disney

WZHR (1400) - Easy listening

WBRD (1420) - Southern gospel

WLKF (1430) - News/talk

WWJB (1450) - News/talk

WLVU (1470) - Adult standards

WPSO (1500) - Greek

WXYB (1520) - Talk (8 a.m. to 2 p.m.)/ International

WAMA (1550) - Spanish

WTWB (1570) - Southern gospel

WRXB (1590) - Rhythm and blues



Combined Newspaper Revenue for Tampa Bay was \$531.9 Million for the year 2000.







Tampa Bay Daily Newspapers

There are 6 daily newspapers in the Tampa Bay DMA. They are as follows:

Daily

The Tampa Tribune The St. Pete Times The Lakeland Ledger The Sarasota Herald-Tribune NY Times Group The Bradenton Herald The Citrus Chronicle

Owner

Media General **Poynter Institute NY Times Group Knight-Ridder** Landmark

The Tampa Tribune and The St. Petersburg Times are the 2 papers with the highest circulation.



Tampa Bay MG Newspapers

Media General Publishing's Central Florida Properties:









FLORIDA PUBLISHING GROUP

THE TAMPA TRIBUNE
It's Good To Know

HERNANDO TODAY

HIGHLANDS TODAY

The Subelt News

The Supposst News



Tampa Bay Internet Penetration stands at 54% for the DMA.

Source: Scarperough, 2001.







Tampa Bay Internal Portals



Tampa Bay Online – owned by Media General and #1 in name recognition & usage.



Powered by America Online.



Powered by the St. Pete Times.



Powered by WFTS-TV, Channel 28.



Tampa Bay Internal Portals



Reaches 7% of the Tampa Bay DMA or 195,000 A18+.



Reaches 5% of the Tampa Bay DMA or 132,000 A18+.

Internet overall had \$24.2 Million in revenue in 2000 in Tampa Bay.



HE TAMPA TRIBUNI

Source: Scarborough Research, 2001 and The Lampa Tribune Market Development Department.



Outdoor Billboard Companies



&



Are the two major outdoor companies in Tampa Bay.

Outdoor had \$22.2 Million worth of revenue in Tampa Bay in 2000.

Source Tampa Tribune Market Development Department.









Direct Mail

The Major Players are . . .



ValPak





Overall it is estimated that Direct Mail revenue for the Tampa Bay DMA is \$428 MILLION (as of the year 2000, according to Claritas & Tampa Tribune Research).

The national direct mail share is 19%, while it's 24% in Tampa Bay.











Tampa Bay Yellow Pages

12 Yellow Page Directories in the DMA.

Major players include Verizon and the Hispanic Yellow Pages.

Yellow Pages had \$108.7 Million in Revenue in 2000.

Source: Tempa Tubum Market Development Department.



1288

TAMPA, FLORI
YELLOW PAGE
RECYCLI ME IN MOVEMBER 2001
3HOT ONLINE AT 101717/AUL.







Verbatim Responses







Convergence Research

Convergence efforts give "a greater grasp of what's going on."

"They can get deeper into the story."

"It gives us more information."

"It makes the news more accessible."

"It makes the news easier to obtain."

"You get better coverage because they get the news in different ways."

"It makes them more dependable because they have more sources."

Source: Audience Research & Development, Inc. (March 2001).



Convergence Helping Our Community







Local Events & Projects

All Children's Hospital Telethon.

Back-to-School Blood Drive.

Southern Deaf Showcase.

8 On Your Side Health & Fitness Expo.

Too Good for Drugs Walk.

Toys for Tots.

Holiday Blood Drive.

Ongoing 8 On Your Side Help Lines.

The United Way.

The Gasparilla Parade.

Tribune Troopers & 8's Army.



Convergence Helping Our Community







Local Events & Projects (continued)

American Cancer Society.

Alzheimer's Association.

Big Brothers / Big Sisters.

Clearwater Fun 'n Sun.

Diabetes Association.

The Florida State Fair.

The Outback Bowl.

The Verizon Classic.

MANY others.

New Partnership

Sarasota Heraldfrihme

alliance was amnounced:

January 4th 2002 a new



FLORIDA PUBLISHING GROUP

THE TAMPA TRUBENE





Is Tampa Bay Online



fampa Bay Online



Ybor City Fires

How It Works:

Bridge Story

Citizen's Voice





THE TRAINS TRUBENT



Sales Convergence

How It Works: Still separate companies.

Burdines.

Bay Care.

Bill Heard Chevrolet.

Florida Strawberry Festival.



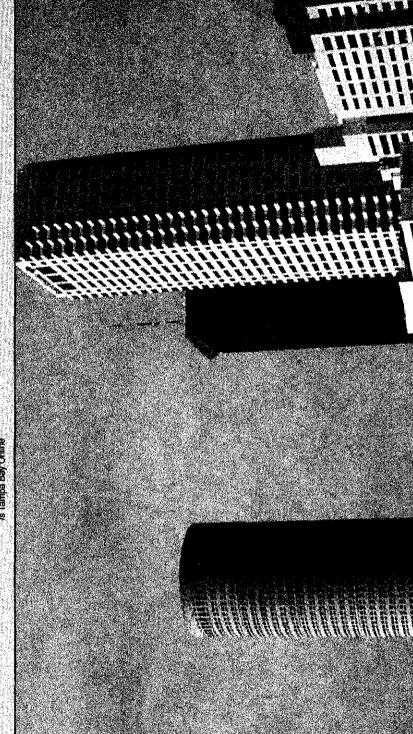






(TBO, com PATE)

FLORIDA PUBLISHING GROUP



Thanks for your time.